BIRWANDA

Employment: - Number of created Jobs in month of January 2014

A total number of 425 jobs were created in the month of January 2014, the term "created" is limited to advertised jobs in formal press such as all published newspapers and job internet sites casting jobs in Rwanda. These included temporary and permanent jobs as is explained below.

In terms of sectors, there are 21 economic sectors (ISIC 08), most of the jobs were created in Health services, Public administration, Information and communication, Education, Agriculture, forestry and fishing, Financial and insurance activities, respectively, whereas the least number of jobs were created in Transportation and storage, Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities, Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply, and Construction, for details, see table below.

| Economic sector | Number of labour units |
|---|------------------------|
| Human health and social work activities | 131 |
| Public administration and defense; compulsory social security | 62 |
| Information and communication | 60 |
| Education | 45 |
| Agriculture, forestry and fishing | 40 |
| Financial and insurance activities | 34 |
| Administrative and support service activities | 20 |
| Professional, scientific and technical activities | 16 |
| Construction | 6 |
| Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply | 3 |
| Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities | 3 |
| Other service activities | 3 |
| Transportation and storage | 2 |
| Total | 425 |

Table1: Table showing Employment creation by Economic Sector

Source: Rwanda LMIS January/ 2014

NB: 'Other services means According to the ISIC classification, this is a main economic activity among 21 activities which includes the following sub' activities: Washing and (dry Cleaning of textile and fur product), Hairdressing and other beauty treatment, Funeral and related activities.



Permanent Jobs

373 permanent jobs were created in the month of January, with public sector accounting for 60.1%, while the professionals were the most demanded for skilled labour units with a proportion of 63.3%, for details see tables (Table4) and (Table2) below.

Table2: <u>Tables showing Jobs created by level of education</u>

| Equivalent Profession | Number of labour units | Percent |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Professional | 236 | 63.3 |
| Technicians | 78 | 20.9 |
| Artisans | 59 | 15.8 |
| Total | 373 | 100 |

NB: Artisans A2 and below, Professional A0 and above, Technicians, A1 Source: Rwanda LMIS January/ 2014

In relation to the above, 194 jobs required a Bachelors, degree, 55 required an A2 certificate, for detail see table3.

Table3: Tables showing Jobs created by level of education

| Level of education | Number of labour units |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| MA | 42 |
| A0 | 194 |
| A1 | 78 |
| A2 | 55 |
| A3 | 4 |
| Total | 373 |

Source: Rwanda LMIS January/ 2014

In terms of ownership, the public sector created the most jobs with a proportion of 60.1%, NGO,

13.7%, Private sector 24.7% whereas the parastatal created 1.6% of the jobs, for details see table below.

Table4: Tables showing Jobs created by ownership

| Ownership | Number of labour units | Percent |
|------------|------------------------|---------|
| NGO | 51 | 13.7 |
| Parastatal | 6 | 1.6 |
| Private | 92 | 24.7 |
| Public | 224 | 60.1 |
| Total | 373 | 100 |

Source: Rwanda LMIS January/ 2014



Human health and social work activities, Information and communication, Public administration, Education Sectors created the most number of jobs, whereas Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply, Transportation and storage created the least number of jobs, for specifics, see table below.

| Table5: Table showing | g Permanent emp | oloyment creation by | y economic sector |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | - | | |

| Economic sector | Number of labour units |
|---|------------------------|
| Human health and social work activities | 126 |
| Information and communication | 59 |
| Public administration and defence; compulsory social security | 48 |
| Education | 43 |
| Agriculture, forestry and fishing | 36 |
| Financial and insurance activities | 22 |
| Professional, scientific and technical activities | 13 |
| Administrative and support service activities | 10 |
| Construction | 6 |
| Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities | 3 |
| Other service activities | 3 |
| Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply | 2 |
| Transportation and storage | 2 |
| Total | 373 |

Source: Rwanda LMIS January/ 2014

Table6: Table showing Permanent employment creation by Area of study

The high demand on labour market in January was in: Nursing, Accounting, Business administration and Civil engineering, whereas Development Studies, Environment Management, Marketing, and Psychology were low demanded.

| Area(domain) of education required | Number of labour units |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Nursing | 54 |
| Unspecified | 54 |
| Accounting | 22 |
| Business administration. | 21 |
| Civil Engineering | 21 |
| Public Health | 20 |
| Economics | 17 |
| Secretariat | 16 |
| Electromechanical Engineering | 15 |
| Law | 12 |
| HCID/LMIS | 3 |



| Management | 12 |
|------------------------|-----|
| Education | 10 |
| Construction | 9 |
| Laboratory | 7 |
| Medicine | 7 |
| Commerce | 6 |
| Electrical | 6 |
| Finance | 6 |
| Information Technology | 6 |
| Socialogy | 5 |
| Agriculture | 4 |
| Journalism | 4 |
| Mechanical Engineering | 4 |
| Public Administration | 4 |
| Statistics | 4 |
| Agroforestry | 3 |
| Applied | 3 |
| Gender and Development | 3 |
| Communication | 2 |
| Human Resource | 2 |
| Library | 2 |
| Linguistics | 2 |
| Nutrition | 2 |
| Political Science | 2 |
| Project Management | 2 |
| Development Studies | 1 |
| Environment Managment | 1 |
| Marketing | 1 |
| Psychology | 1 |
| TOTAL | 373 |

Source: Rwanda LMIS January/ 2014

Temporary Jobs/Consultancy Jobs

A total of 52 temporary/ consultancy jobs were created in December with the public sector generating 80.8% of the jobs, private sector 7.7%, parastatal institutions 1.9% while NGOs 9.6%. Most of the created jobs required professionals in the respective areas.



Table7: <u>Temporary employment creation by ownership</u>

| Ownership | Number of labour units | Percent |
|------------|------------------------|---------|
| NGO | 5 | 9.6 |
| Parastatal | 1 | 1.9 |
| Private | 4 | 7.7 |
| Public | 42 | 80.8 |
| Total | 52 | 100 |

Source: Rwanda LMIS January/ 2014

The main sectors of employment creation were Public administration and defense, Financial and insurance activities and Administrative and support service activities whereas the sectors with the least employment were Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply, Information and communication to mention but a few, for details see table below.

Table8: Table showing temporary created jobs per sector

| Economic sector | Number of labour units |
|---|------------------------|
| Public administration and defense; compulsory social security | 14 |
| Financial and insurance activities | 12 |
| Administrative and support service activities | 10 |
| Human health and social work activities | 5 |
| Agriculture, forestry and fishing | 4 |
| Professional, scientific and technical activities | 3 |
| Education | 2 |
| Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply | 1 |
| Information and communication | 1 |
| Total | 52 |

Source: Rwanda LMIS January/ 2014